

APPENDIX

Author(s): Jill Berrick, Marit Skivenes, Joe Roscoe

Title of publication: Parental Freedom in the Context of Risk to the Child: Citizens'

Views of Child Protection and the State in California (USA) and Norway

Year: 2022

Journal / Publisher: Journal of Social Policy

Contents

| Table A1: Overview of samples from three treatments (low risk X1, medium risk X2, high risk X3) | 2 |
|---|----|
| Table A2: Mean variations, standard error of mean, and N, based on the different types of treatments. Total and per country. Four-point Likert scale from Strongly Disagree (1) to Strongly Agree (4) | 6 |
| Table A3: Descriptive statistics on the statement: "Julie should be free to bring her baby home regardless of the social worker's assessment". | 8 |
| Table A4: Descriptive statistics on the statement of "The baby should stay with Julie in a supervised setting" in three treatment scenarios | |
| Table A5: Descriptive statistics on the statement of "The baby should be placed in foster care" in three treatment scenarios | 10 |
| Table A6: Mediation of association between country an suspended parenting | 11 |
| Table A7: Mediation of association between country and unrestricted parenting | 12 |





Table A1: Overview of samples from three treatments (low risk X1, medium risk X2, high risk X3).

| V 7 2 - 1, 1 - | Т | | Norw | Norway | | ifornia) |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Variable | Treatments | | Number | % | Number | 0/0 |
| | 1 (371) | Male | 168 | 50 | 204 | 56 |
| | Low risk (X1) | Female | 171 | 50 | 158 | 44 |
| Gender | M-4: ::-1- (V2) | Male | 175 | 54 | 200 | 53 |
| Gender | Medium risk (X2) | Female | 148 | 46 | 177 | 47 |
| | High risk (X3) | Male | 187 | 51 | 190 | 50 |
| | riigii iisk (A3) | Female | 182 | 49 | 188 | 50 |
| | Lovy sigh (V1) | Smaller city/rural area | 217 | 64 | 144 | 40 |
| | Low risk (X1) | Larger city | 122 | 36 | 218 | 60 |
| Metropolitan area | Medium risk (X2) | Smaller city/rural area | 219 | 68 | 156 | 41 |
| меноронан агеа | | Larger city | 104 | 32 | 221 | 59 |
| | II:-1:-1- (W2) | Smaller city/rural area | 230 | 62 | 154 | 41 |
| | High risk (X3) | Larger city | 139 | 38 | 224 | 59 |
| | Low risk (X1) | Unemployment | 111 | 34 | 121 | 33 |
| | LOW IISK (A1) | Employment | 215 | 66 | 241 | 67 |
| Lob status | Medium risk (X2) | Unemployment | 110 | 36 | 128 | 34 |
| Job status | Medium fisk (A2) | Employment | 199 | 64 | 249 | 66 |
| | High might (V2) | Unemployment | 113 | 32 | 140 | 37 |
| | High risk (X3) | Employment | 236 | 68 | 238 | 63 |
| Political orientation | Low risk (X1) | Left | 101 | 40 | 170 | 56 |

APPENDIX TO BERRICK, SKIVENES, ROSCOE (2022) PARENTAL FREEDOM IN THE CONTEXT OF RISK TO THE CHILD: CITIZENS' VIEWS OF CHILD PROTECTION AND THE STATE IN CALIFORNIA (USA) AND NORWAY



| | | Center | 62 | 25 | 13 | 4 |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|
| | | Right | 88 | 35 | 121 | 40 |
| | | Left | 117 | 49 | 178 | 57 |
| | Medium risk (X2) | Center | 53 | 22 | 16 | 5 |
| | | Right | 70 | 29 | 119 | 38 |
| | | Left | 123 | 46 | 187 | 60 |
| | High risk (X3) | Center | 60 | 22 | 15 | 5 |
| | | Right | 86 | 32 | 109 | 35 |
| | Low risk (X1) | No partner | 108 | 33 | 147 | 41 |
| | LOW IISK (A1) | Partner | 220 | 67 | 215 | 59 |
| Domestic partner status | Medium risk (X2) | No partner | 100 | 32 | 180 | 48 |
| Domestic partner status | | Partner | 217 | 68 | 197 | 52 |
| | High risk (X3) | No partner | 125 | 35 | 181 | 48 |
| | riigii iisk (A3) | Partner | 234 | 65 | 197 | 52 |
| | | No education/Lower education | 105 | 31 | 37 | 10 |
| | Low risk (X1) | Average education | 175 | 52 | 243 | 67 |
| | | Higher education | 57 | 17 | 82 | 23 |
| | | No education/Lower education | 90 | 28 | 48 | 13 |
| Education Level | Medium risk (X2) | Average education | 189 | 59 | 238 | 63 |
| | | Higher education | 40 | 13 | 91 | 24 |
| | | No education/Lower education | 102 | 28 | 51 | 13 |
| | High risk (X3) | Average education | 210 | 58 | 240 | 63 |
| | | Higher education | 52 | 14 | 87 | 23 |



| | Low risk (X1) | No religion | 132 | 40 | 99 | 28 |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|----|-----|----|
| | LOW IISK (A1) | Have religion | 197 | 60 | 249 | 72 |
| Religion | Medium risk (X2) | No religion | 139 | 44 | 111 | 31 |
| Kengion | Medium fisk (A2) | Have religion | 176 | 56 | 250 | 69 |
| | High risk (X3) | No religion | 163 | 46 | 113 | 32 |
| | riigii iisk (A3) | Have religion | 191 | 54 | 245 | 68 |
| | Low risk (X1) | Non-migrant | 322 | 95 | 289 | 80 |
| | LOW IISK (A1) | Migrant | 17 | 5 | 73 | 20 |
| Immigration status | Medium risk (X2) | Non-migrant | 306 | 95 | 309 | 82 |
| inningration status | Medium fisk (A2) | Migrant | 17 | 5 | 68 | 18 |
| | High risk (X3) | Non-migrant | 356 | 96 | 299 | 79 |
| | riigii iisk (A3) | Migrant | 13 | 4 | 79 | 21 |
| | | Low income | 35 | 13 | 107 | 33 |
| | Low risk (X1) | Average income | 162 | 59 | 98 | 31 |
| | | High income | 79 | 29 | 115 | 36 |
| | | Low income | 33 | 13 | 100 | 30 |
| Income Level | Medium risk (X2) | Average income | 137 | 52 | 107 | 32 |
| | | High income | 93 | 35 | 126 | 38 |
| | | Low income | 41 | 13 | 110 | 34 |
| | High risk (X3) | Average income | 183 | 58 | 106 | 33 |
| | | High income | 89 | 28 | 109 | 34 |
| Ago | Low risk (X1) | Younger (18-34) | 60 | 18 | 110 | 30 |
| Age | LOW 11SK (A1) | Mid-age (35-54) | 129 | 38 | 119 | 33 |



| | | 54+ | 150 | 44 | 133 | 37 |
|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|----|-----|----|
| | | Younger (18-34) | 60 | 19 | 129 | 34 |
| | Medium risk (X2) | Mid-age (35-54) | 122 | 38 | 133 | 35 |
| | | 54+ | 141 | 44 | 115 | 31 |
| | | Younger (18-34) | 63 | 17 | 130 | 34 |
| | High risk (X3) | Mid-age (35-54) | 149 | 40 | 133 | 35 |
| | | 54+ | 157 | 43 | 115 | 30 |
| | Low risk (X1) | No child | 231 | 68 | 235 | 65 |
| | Low lisk (A1) | Have children | 108 | 32 | 127 | 35 |
| Children | Medium risk (X2) | No child | 205 | 63 | 236 | 63 |
| | Wedium iisk (A2) | Have children | 118 | 37 | 141 | 37 |
| | High risk (X3) | No child | 267 | 72 | 236 | 62 |
| | Tilgii IISK (A3) | Have children | 102 | 28 | 142 | 38 |





Table A2: Mean variations, standard error of mean, and N, based on the different types of treatments. Total and per country. Four-point Likert scale from Strongly Disagree (1) to Strongly Agree (4).

| Treatment Groups | Assessment Statements | Total | Norway | USA (California) |
|------------------|--|--------|--------|------------------|
| Low risk (X1) | Julie should be free to bring her baby home | 1.91 | 1.65 | 2.15 |
| LOW HSK (AT) | regardless of the social worker's assessment | (0.85) | (0.65) | (0.94) |
| | | . , | ` ′ | ` ' |
| | | 701 | 339 | 362 |
| | The baby should stay with Julie in a supervised | 3.07 | 3.28 | 2.88 |
| | setting | (0.84) | (0.77) | (0.85) |
| | | 701 | 339 | 362 |
| | The baby should be placed in foster care | 2.29 | 2.17 | 2.40 |
| | | (0.89) | (0.83) | (0.93) |
| | | 701 | 339 | 362 |
| | Julie should be free to bring her baby home regardless of the social worker's assessment | 1.78 | 1.60 | 1.93 |
| | | (0.80) | (0.65) | (0.89) |
| | | 700 | 323 | 377 |
| | The baby should stay with Julie in a supervised | 3.02 | 3.20 | 2.86 |
| Medium risk (X2) | setting | (0.82) | (0.79) | (0.82) |
| | | 700 | 323 | 377 |
| | The baby should be placed in foster care | 2.41 | 2.40 | 2.43 |
| | | (0.86) | (0.87) | (0.86) |
| | | 700 | 323 | 377 |
| | Julie should be free to bring her baby home | 1.67 | 1.49 | 1.85 |
| High might (V2) | regardless of the social worker's assessment | (0.78) | (0.61) | (0.89) |
| High risk (X3) | | 747 | 369 | 378 |
| | | 2.93 | 3.09 | 2.77 |

APPENDIX TO BERRICK, SKIVENES, ROSCOE (2022) PARENTAL FREEDOM IN THE CONTEXT OF RISK TO THE CHILD: CITIZENS' VIEWS OF CHILD PROTECTION AND THE STATE IN CALIFORNIA (USA) AND NORWAY



| The baby should stay wi | The baby should stay with Julie in a supervised | | (0.82) | (0.84) |
|-------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|
| setting | | 747 | 369 | 378 |
| The baby should be pla | ced in foster care | 2.50 | 2.39 | 2.60 |
| | | (0.87) | (0.87) | (0.85) |
| | | 747 | 369 | 378 |





Table A3: Descriptive statistics on the statement: "Julie should be free to bring her baby home regardless of the social worker's assessment".

| Treatment | Response category | То | tal | Nor | way | US | SA |
|------------------|-------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Treatment | Response category | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | 1-2(Disagree) | 566 | 80.7 | 311 | 91.7 | 255 | 70.4 |
| Low risk (X1) | 3-4(Agree) | 135 | 19.3 | 28 | 8.3 | 107 | 29.6 |
| | Total | 701 | 100.0 | 339 | 100.0 | 362 | 100.0 |
| | 1-2(Disagree) | 593 | 84.7 | 299 | 92.6 | 294 | 78.0 |
| Medium risk (X2) | 3-4(Agree) | 107 | 15.3 | 24 | 7.4 | 83 | 22.0 |
| | Total | 700 | 100.0 | 323 | 100.0 | 377 | 100.0 |
| High risk (X3) | 1-2(Disagree) | 654 | 87.6 | 351 | 95.1 | 303 | 80.2 |
| | 3-4(Agree) | 93 | 12.4 | 18 | 4.9 | 75 | 19.8 |
| | Total | 747 | 100.0 | 369 | 100.0 | 378 | 100.0 |





Table A4: Descriptive statistics on the statement of "The baby should stay with Julie in a supervised setting" in three treatment scenarios.

| Treatment | Response category Total | | Nor | way | USA | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Treatment | Response category | N | % | N | % | N | % |
| | 1-2(Disagree) | 131 | 18.7 | 44 | 13.0 | 87 | 24.0 |
| Low risk (X1) | 3-4(Agree) | 570 | 81.3 | 295 | 87.0 | 275 | 76.0 |
| | Total | 701 | 100.0 | 339 | 100.0 | 362 | 100.0 |
| | 1-2(Disagree) | 144 | 20.6 | 48 | 14.9 | 96 | 25.5 |
| Medium risk (X2) | 3-4(Agree) | 556 | 79.4 | 275 | 85.1 | 281 | 74.5 |
| | Total | 700 | 100.0 | 323 | 100.0 | 377 | 100.0 |
| High risk (X3) | 1-2(Disagree) | 189 | 25.3 | 69 | 18.7 | 120 | 31.7 |
| | 3-4(Agree) | 558 | 74.7 | 300 | 81.3 | 258 | 68.3 |
| | Total | 747 | 100.0 | 369 | 100.0 | 378 | 100.0 |





Table A5: Descriptive statistics on the statement of "The baby should be placed in foster care" in three treatment scenarios.

| Treatment | Response category | То | tal | Nor | way | US | SA |
|------------------|-------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Treatment | Response category | N | % | N | 0/0 | N | % |
| | 1-2(Disagree) | 459 | 65.5 | 243 | 71.7 | 216 | 59.7 |
| Low risk (X1) | 3-4(Agree) | 242 | 34.5 | 96 | 28.3 | 146 | 40.3 |
| | Total | 701 | 100.0 | 339 | 100.0 | 362 | 100.0 |
| | 1-2(Disagree) | 401 | 57.3 | 185 | 57.3 | 216 | 57.3 |
| Medium risk (X2) | 3-4(Agree) | 299 | 42.7 | 138 | 42.7 | 161 | 42.7 |
| | Total | 700 | 100.0 | 323 | 100.0 | 377 | 100.0 |
| | 1-2(Disagree) | 389 | 52.1 | 218 | 59.1 | 171 | 45.2 |
| High risk (X3) | 3-4(Agree) | 358 | 47.9 | 151 | 40.9 | 207 | 54.8 |
| | Total | 747 | 100.0 | 369 | 100.0 | 378 | 100.0 |





Table A6: Mediation of association between country an suspended parenting

| | OR | 95% CI | % Total Effect |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------|----------------|
| Direct Effect | 0.80*** | (0.71, 0.90) | 102% |
| Total Indirect Effect | 1.01 | (0.96, 1.05) | -2% |
| Age | 0.96*** | (0.93, 0.98) | 21% |
| City | 1.05* | (1.01, 1.10) | -23% |
| Total Effect | 0.80*** | (0.72, 0.89) | 100% |





Table A7: Mediation of association between country and unrestricted parenting

| | OR | 95% CI | % Total Effect |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------|----------------|
| Direct Effect | 0.54*** | (0.46, 0.64) | 78% |
| Total Indirect Effect | 0.85*** | (0.78, 0.92) | 22% |
| Age | 0.94*** | (0.91, 0.97) | 8% |
| Migrant Status | 0.90* | (0.82, 0.98) | 14% |
| Total Effect | 0.46*** | (0.40, 0.53) | 100% |